NATIONAL ASSEMBLY QUESTION FOR WRITTEN REPLY

QUESTION NUMBER: 58 [NW62E]

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58. Mr A N Sarupen (DA) to ask the Minister of Finance:

- (1) Whether any value-added Tax (VAT) refunds are overdue for payment; if not, what is the position in this regard; if so, what is the total outstanding amount per economic sector;
- (2) whether any steps will be taken to resolve any backlog in the payment of overdue VAT refunds; if not, why not; if so, what are the relevant details?

 NW62E

REPLY

(1) The South African Revenue Service, in processing all refunds, will always seek to balance the protection of the fiscus from illegitimate refund claims and the optimal processing of all refunds that are legitimate. This balance is further enhanced when considering that more than R50bn in illegitimate refunds are prevented from flowing out of the fiscus every year.

SARS has for the period ending 31 December 2021 paid R193bn in refunds and 72% (R138bn) was paid within 21 days, furthermore it is worth noting that almost 80% of all refunds claims are paid without audit or verification interventions thus confirming our compliance theory that most taxpayers are honest that want to meet their tax obligations fully. The remaining 20% is the combination of taxpayers who make genuine errors as well as those who unfortunately seek to defraud the fiscus. It must be noted that the law does not prescribe a minimum period for the completion of an audit or verification process, therefore rendering the notion of overdue refunds a misnomer in law however SARS has committed to turnaround times in its service charter in line with the SARS desire to provide superior service to taxpayers in order to bring about clarity and certainty on their affairs.

	31-Aug-19		31-Mar-20		31-Aug-20		31-Mar-21		31-Dec-21	
TAT	Value	Cases	Value	Cases	Value	Cases	Value	Cases	Value	Cases
0 - 3 days	61 428 143 012.71	155633	53 335 373 901.19	230838	38 702 528 935.72	166264	68 797 095 218.87	232765	94 309 741 492.50	280633
4 - 7 days	15 287 908 715.71	8867	30 487 796 210.55	18714	8 417 607 042.32	7846	8 426 761 781.02	8051	13 008 632 588.18	16654
8 - 21 days	10 260 923 803.77	20604	29 852 539 043.57	21484	18 423 848 000.11	20712	19 791 814 292.90	22738	31 471 524 496.38	28224
22 - 31 days	3 298 591 915.79	7350	8 563 051 368.97	8372	8 331 668 546.43	10090	11 634 954 784.88	9516	15 132 734 792.05	12456
32 - 90 days	4 792 146 661.47	12446	7 497 717 818.62	12589	14 765 300 178.43	18217	20 736 752 959.29	32173	30 388 127 603.34	44429
91 days - 365 days	1 853 592 858.49	9641	2 576 077 711.03	10149	2 394 709 604.98	8650	5 760 093 984.14	15621	7 038 581 181.65	25219
1 - 2 years	297 953 788.56	2801	376 760 912.06	3506	248 746 925.49	2020	299 914 269.96	3578	687 023 994.10	5428
Greater than 2 years	36 262 649.18	571	94 592 574.81	1076	41 195 127.76	806	198 761 514.13	1793	246 144 336.66	2846
Could not calculate TAT	766 611 390.00	8257	878 467 118.06	11324	281 588 800.20	5427	536 363 525.26	10993	664 943 248.79	13162
Grand Total	98 022 134 795.68	226170	133 662 376 658.86	318052	91 607 193 161.44	240032	136 182 512 330.45	337228	192 947 453 733.65	429051

Yes, SARS has some refunds that are outstanding. SARS at any given time will have amounts outstanding on refunds for a number of reasons, key amongst these reasons are 1) SARS is at various stages of the audit and verification process and 2) Taxpayer related issues including invalid banking details, instances of outstanding documentation where SARS has communicated in more than one instance with the taxpayer requesting such supporting documentation (these are continuous non-compliance cases) as well as instances of suspected fraud by the taxpayer. The sectorial view of the balance of refunds in audit in excess of 21 days is as follows:

Industry	Vendors	Sum of Balance
AGENCIES AND OTHER SERVICES	11718	-R 3,485,040,995.02
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	11228	-R 2,032,265,989.44
BRICKS, CERAMICS, GLASS, CEMENT AND SIMILAR PRODUCTS	338	-R 52,091,107.65
CATERING AND ACCOMMODATION	1827	-R 302,765,982.13
CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL, RUBBER AND PLASTIC PRODUCTS	707	-R 362,900,673.78
CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR	520	-R 67,148,930.30
COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS	555	-R 216,979,759.08
CONSTRUCTION	10316	-R 4,273,709,791.85
EDUCATIONAL SERVICES	471	-R 81,063,823.27
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER	583	-R 261,615,811.24
FINANCING, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE AND BUSINESS SERVICES	13678	-R 4,327,781,607.92
FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO	1630	-R 248,802,796.42
LEATHER, LEATHER GOODS + FUR(EXCLUDING FOOTWEAR +	1030	R 240,002,770.42
AND CLOTHING)	205	-R 20,001,623.97
MACHINERY AND RELATED ITEMS MEDICAL, DENTAL AND OTHER HEALTH AND VETERINARY	1243	-R 304,557,104.71
SERVICES	774	-R 218,844,178.05
METAL	437	-R 275,891,258.63
METAL PRODUCTS (EXCEPT MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT)	529	-R 108,858,944.81
MINING AND QUARRYING	3990	-R 934,174,989.83
OTHER MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES	719	-R 183,565,764.57
PAPER, PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	571	-R 98,998,679.73
PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD SERVICES	509	-R 177,524,560.34
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	236	-R 264,314,018.60
RECREATIONAL AND CULTURAL SERVICES	561	-R 75,341,201.10
RESEARCH AND SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTES	145	-R 24,340,885.13
RETAIL TRADE	4491	-R 707,260,203.27
SCIENTIFIC, OPTICAL AND SIMILAR EQUIPMENT	149	-R 60,521,555.14
SOCIAL + RELATED COMMUNITY SERVICES NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED	785	-R 95,335,672.15
SPECIALISED REPAIR SERVICES	599	-R 94,216,037.19
TEXTILES	300	-R 62,412,722.77
TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT(EXCEPT VEHICLES, PARTS AND ACCESSORIES)	756	-R 338,988,730.81
TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATION	3059	-R 757,966,821.77
VEHICLES, PARTS AND ACCESSORIES	1236	-R 240,996,838.88
WHOLESALE TRADE	3695	-R 1,740,906,434.94

WOOD, WOOD PRODUCTS AND FURNITURE	412	-R 46,556,690.16
Grand Total	78972	-R 22,543,742,184.65

The financing, insurance, real estate and business services accounts for the largest balance, followed by Agencies and other services, Wholesale Trade then Construction sector.

(2) SARS adopts a number of strategies to address the credit book backlog including but not limited to working overtime, repurposing of experienced staff to focus on audits and verifications, applying secondary risk tolerance and appetite based on taxpayer previous compliance track record and continued attempts to get taxpayers to comply with outstanding requirements in order to process refunds. SARS accepts that the balance of supply and demand is not always possible to maintain thereby leading to increase in inventory faster than the available capacity can handle. In this regard refinement of our risk approach is on-going.